

NEET ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES — PYQS

Max. Marks: 336

Questions: 84

Section A (MCQ) — 84 questions

Q.1 The thickness of ozone in a column of air in the atmosphere is measured in terms of :

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) Decibels (2) Decameter
(3) Kilobase (4) Dobson units

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Q.2 Which one of the following statements is NOT correct?

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) Algal blooms caused by excess of organic matter in water improve water quality and promote fisheries
(2) Water hyacinth grows abundantly in eutrophic water bodies and leads to an imbalance in the ecosystem dynamics of the water body
(3) The amount of some toxic substances of industrial waste water increases in the organisms at successive trophic levels
(4) The micro-organisms involved in biodegradation of organic matter in a sewage polluted water body consume a lot of oxygen causing the death of aquatic organisms

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Q.3 Which of the following statements is correct?

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) Biomagnification refers to increase in concentration of the toxicant at successive trophic levels.
(2) Presence of large amount of nutrients in water restricts 'Algal Bloom'
(3) Algal Bloom decreases fish mortality
(4) Eutrophication refers to increase in domestic sewage and waste water in lakes.

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Q.4 Given below are two statements:

Statement-I: Electrostatic precipitator is most widely used in thermal power plant.

Statement-II: Electrostatic precipitator in thermal power plant removes ionising radiations.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are incorrect.
(2) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect.
(3) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct.
(4) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct.

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Q.5 The device which can remove particulate matter present in the exhaust from a thermal power plant is:

[NEET (UG) 2022]

- (1) STP
(2) Incinerator
(3) Electrostatic Precipitator
(4) Catalytic Converter

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Q.6 The entire fleet of buses in Delhi were converted to CNG from diesel. In reference to this, which one of the following statements is false? [NEET (UG) 2022]

- (1) CNG burns more efficiently than diesel
(2) The same diesel engine is used in CNG buses making the cost of conversion low
(3) It is cheaper than diesel
(4) It cannot be adulterated like diesel

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Q.7 Given below are two statements:

Statement-I: In a scrubber the exhaust from the thermal plant is passed through the electric wires to charge the dust particles.

Statement-II: Particulate matter (PM 2.5) cannot be removed by scrubber but can be removed by an electrostatic precipitator.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2022]

- (1) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct
 (2) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are incorrect
 (3) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
 (4) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

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- Q.8** Why CNG is considered better fuel than diesel?
 A. It can not be adulterated.
 B. It takes less time to fill the fuel tank
 C. It burns more efficiently.
 D. It is cheaper.
 E. It is less inflammable.
 Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : [NEET (UG) 2022 (Phase 2)]
 (1) C, D and E only (2) A, B, C and E only
 (3) A, C and D only (4) A, B, D and E only

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- Q.9** Dobson units are used to measure thickness of :
 [NEET (UG) 2021]

- (1) Troposphere (2) CFCs
 (3) Stratosphere (4) Ozone

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- Q.10** Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to
 [NEET (UG) 2020]
 (1) High reflection of light from snow
 (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays

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- Q.11** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of
 [NEET (UG) 2020]

- (1) Disposal of e-wastes
 (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 (4) Release of Green House gases

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- Q.12** Which of the following protocols did aim for reducing emission of chlorofluorocarbons into the atmosphere?
 [NEET (UG) 2019]
 (1) Gothenburg Protocol (2) Geneva Protocol
 (3) Montreal Protocol (4) Kyoto Protocol

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- Q.13** Polyblend, a fine powder of recycled modified plastic, has proved to be a good material for :

[NEET (UG) 2019]

- (1) Construction of roads
 (2) Making tubes and pipes
 (3) Making plastic sacks
 (4) use as a fertilizer

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- Q.14** Which of the following pairs of gases is mainly responsible for green house effect?

[NEET (UG) 2019]

- (1) Nitrogen and Sulphur dioxide
 (2) Carbon dioxide and Methane
 (3) Ozone and Ammonia
 (4) Oxygen and Nitrogen

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- Q.15** Which of these following methods is the most suitable for disposal of nuclear waste?

[NEET (UG) 2019]

- (1) Dump the waste within rocks under deep ocean
 (2) Bury the waste within rocks deep below the Earth's surface
 (3) Shoot the waste into space
 (4) Bury the waste under Antarctic ice-cover

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- Q.16** In stratosphere, which of the following elements acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?

[NEET 2018]

- (1) Carbon (2) Cl (3) Fe (4) Oxygen

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- Q.17** Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?

[NEET 2018]

- (1) CO (2) CO₂ (3) SO₂ (4) O₃

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- Q.18** World Ozone Day is celebrated on [NEET 2018]

- (1) 5th June (2) 21st April
 (3) 16th September (4) 22nd April

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- Q.19** Match the items given in **column I** with those in **column II** and select the correct option given below. [NEET 2018]

Column I		Column II	
a.	Eutrophication	i.	UV-B radiation

Column I		Column II	
b.	Sanitary landfill	ii.	Deforestation
c.	Snow blindness	iii.	Nutrient enrichment
d.	Jhum cultivation	iv.	Waste disposal

(1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

(2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

(3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)

(4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)

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Q.20 Which one of the following statements is not valid for aerosols ? [NEET 2017]

- (1) They alter rainfall and monsoon patterns
- (2) They have negative impact on agricultural land
- (3) They cause increased agricultural productivity
- (4) They are harmful to human health

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Q.21 A system of rotating crops with legume or grass pasture to improve soil structure and fertility is called - [NEET 2016 (Phase 1)]

- (1) Shifting agriculture
- (2) Strip farming
- (3) Ley farming
- (4) Contour farming

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Q.22 Depletion of which gas in the atmosphere can lead to an increased incidence of skin cancers [NEET 2016 (Phase 1)]

- (1) Methane
- (2) Ozone
- (3) Nitrous oxide
- (4) Ammonia

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Q.23 Joint Forest Management Concept was introduced in India during : [NEET 2016 (Phase 1)]

- (1) 1990s
- (2) 1970s
- (3) 1960s
- (4) 1980s

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Q.24 A river with an inflow of domestic sewage rich in organic waste may result in - [NEET 2016 (Phase 1)]

- (1) Death of fish due to lack of oxygen
- (2) Increased population of aquatic food web organisms
- (3) Drying of the river very soon due to algal bloom
- (4) An increased production of fish due to biodegradable nutrients

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Q.25 Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from [NEET 2016 (Phase 2)]

- (1) petroleum industry
- (2) sugar industry
- (3) domestic sewage
- (4) dairy industry

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Q.26 A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in [NEET 2016 (Phase 2)]

- (1) mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen
- (2) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients
- (3) increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals
- (4) drying of the lake due to algal bloom

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Q.27 The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in [NEET 2016 (Phase 2)]

- (1) crab
- (2) Phytoplankton
- (3) eel
- (4) seagull

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Q.28 Acid rain is caused by increase in the atmospheric concentration of - [AIPMT 2015]

- (1) SO₃ and CO
- (2) CO₂ and CO
- (3) O₃ and dust
- (4) SO₂ and NO₂

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Q.29 Eutrophication of water bodies leading to killing of fishes is mainly due to nonavailability of [AIPMT 2015]

- (1) light
- (2) food
- (3) essential minerals
- (4) oxygen

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Q.30 The UN conference of Parties on climate change in the year 2012 was held at: [AIPMT 2015]

- (1) Lima
- (2) Warsaw
- (3) Doha
- (4) Durban

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Q.31 Which of the following are most suitable indicators of SO₂ pollution in the environment? [AIPMT 2015]

- (1) Conifers
- (2) Fungi
- (3) Algae
- (4) Lichens

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Q.32 Increase in concentration of the toxicant at successive trophic levels is known as: [AIPMT 2015]

- (1) Biomagnification
- (2) Biotransformation
- (3) Biodeterioration
- (4) Biogeochemical cycling

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Q.33 The UN Conference of Parties on climate change in the year 2011 was held in : [AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) Peru (2) Qatar
- (3) Poland (4) South Africa

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Q.34 Which of the following is not one of the prime health risks associated with greater UV radiation through the atmosphere due to depletion of stratospheric ozone? [AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) Increased liver cancer
- (2) Increased skin cancer
- (3) Damage to eyes
- (4) Reduced Immune System

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Q.35 High value of BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) indicates that : [AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) water is highly polluted
- (2) consumption of organic matter in the water is higher by the microbes
- (3) water is pure
- (4) water is less polluted

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Q.36 Rachel Carson's famous book "Silent Spring" is related to: [AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) Population explosion
- (2) Pesticide pollution
- (3) Ecosystem management
- (4) Noise pollution

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Q.37 The zone of atmosphere in which the ozone layer is present is called : [AIPMT 2014]

- (1) Mesosphere (2) Stratosphere
- (3) Ionosphere (4) Troposphere

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Q.38 A scrubber in the exhaust of a chemical industrial plant removes : [AIPMT 2014]

- (1) particulate matter of the size 5 micrometer or above
- (2) particulate matter of the size 2.5 micrometer or less
- (3) gases like ozone and methane
- (4) gases like sulphur dioxide

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Q.39 Kyoto-Protocol was endorsed at : [NEET 2013]

- (1) CoP-6 (2) CoP-4 (3) CoP-3 (4) CoP-5

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Q.40 Global warming can be controlled by : [NEET 2013]

- (1) Increasing deforestation, slowing down the growth of human population
- (2) Reducing deforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel
- (3) Increasing deforestation, reducing efficiency of energy usage
- (4) Reducing reforestation, increasing the use of fossil fuel

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Q.41 The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act came into force in : [NEET 2013]

- (1) 1985 (2) 1981 (3) 1990 (4) 1975

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Q.42 The second commitment period for Kyoto Protocol was decided at : [NEET 2013 (Karnataka)]

- (1) Doha (2) Cancun (3) Durban (4) Bali

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Q.43 Climate of the world is threatened by : [NEET 2013 (Karnataka)]

- (1) Decreasing amount of atmospheric carbon dioxide
- (2) Increasing concentration of atmospheric oxygen
- (3) Decreasing amount of atmospheric oxygen
- (4) Increasing amount of atmospheric carbon dioxide

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Q.44 Which one of the following is not correct as regards the harmful effects of particulate matter of the size 2.5 micrometers or less? [NEET 2013 (Karnataka)]

- (1) It can directly enter into our circulatory system
- (2) It can be inhaled into the lungs
- (3) It can cause respiratory problems
- (4) It can cause inflammation and damage to the lungs

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Q.45 In an area where DDT had been used extensively, the population of birds declined significantly because :

[AIPMT 2012 (Prelims)]

- (1) Earthworms in the area got eradicated
- (2) Cobras were feeding exclusively on birds
- (3) Birds stopped laying eggs
- (4) Many of the birds' eggs laid did not hatch

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Q.46 Which one of the following is a wrong statement?

[AIPMT 2012 (Prelims)]

- (1) Most of the forests have been lost in tropical areas
- (2) Greenhouse effect is a natural phenomenon
- (3) Ozone in upper part of atmosphere is harmful to animals
- (4) Eutrophication is a natural phenomenon in freshwater bodies

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Q.47 Measuring biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) is a method used for

[AIPMT 2012 (Prelims)]

- (1) Working out the efficiency of oil driven automobile engines
- (2) Estimating the amount of organic matter in sewage water
- (3) Measuring the activity of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* in producing curd on a commercial scale
- (4) Working out the efficiency of R.B.Cs. about their capacity to carry oxygen

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Q.48 "Good ozone" is found in the

[AIPMT 2011 (Mains)]

- (1) Troposphere
- (2) Ionosphere
- (3) Stratosphere
- (4) Mesosphere

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Q.49 Eutrophication is often seen in :

[AIPMT 2011 (Prelims)]

- (1) Ocean
- (2) Mountains
- (3) Deserts
- (4) Fresh water lakes

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Q.50 Which one of the following pairs of gases is the major cause of "greenhouse effect"?

[AIPMT 2011 (Prelims)]

- (1) CFCs and SO₂
- (2) CO₂ and CO
- (3) CO₂ and N₂O
- (4) CO₂ and O₃

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Q.51 Which one of the following statements is wrong in case of Bhopal tragedy?

[AIPMT 2011 (Prelims)]

- (1) Thousands of human beings died
- (2) It took place in the night of December 2/3, 1984
- (3) Radioactive fallout engulfed Bhopal
- (4) Methyl isocyanate gas leakage took place

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Q.52 Which one of the following is the correct expanded form of the given acronym?

[AIPMT 2011 (Prelims)]

- (1) IPCC = International Panel for Climate Change
- (2) EPA = Environmental Pollution Agency
- (3) UNEP = United Nations Environmental policy
- (4) IUCN = International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources

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Q.53 When domestic sewage mixes with river water

[AIPMT 2010 (Mains)]

- (1) The river water is still suitable for drinking as impurities are only about 0.1%
- (2) Small animals like rats will die after drinking river water
- (3) The increased microbial activity releases micro-nutrients such as iron
- (4) The increased microbial activity uses up dissolved oxygen

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Q.54 A renewable exhaustible natural resource is –

[AIPMT 2010 (Prelims)]

- (1) Forest
- (2) Minerals
- (3) Coal
- (4) Petroleum

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Q.55 dB is a standard abbreviation used for the quantitative expression of –

[AIPMT 2010 (Prelims)]

- (1) the dominant Bacillus in a culture
- (2) the density of bacteria in a medium
- (3) a certain pesticide
- (4) a particular pollutant

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Q.56 The two gases making highest relative contribution to the greenhouse gases are – [AIPMT 2010 (Prelims)]

- (1) CFCs and N_2O (2) CO_2 and N_2O
(3) CO_2 and CH_4 (4) CH_4 and N_2O

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Q.57 Global agreement in specific control strategies to reduce the release of ozone depleting substances, was adopted by : [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) The Montreal Protocol
(2) The Kyoto Protocol
(3) The Vienna Convention
(4) Rio de Janeiro Conference

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Q.58 Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) in a river water : [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) Gives a measure of *Salmonella* in the water
(2) Has no relationship with concentration of oxygen in the water
(3) Increases when sewage gets mixed with river water
(4) Remains unchanged when algal bloom occurs

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Q.59 Steps taken by the Government of India to control air pollution include : [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) Permission to use only pure diesel with a maximum of 500 ppm sulphur as fuel for vehicles
(2) Compulsory PUC (Pollution Under Control) certification of petrol driven vehicles which tests for carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons
(3) Use of non-polluting Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) only as fuel by all buses and trucks
(4) Compulsory mixing of 20% ethyl alcohol with petrol and 20% biodiesel with diesel

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Q.60 Montreal protocol aims at : [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) Control of water pollution
(2) Biodiversity conservation
(3) Control of CO_2 emission
(4) Reduction of ozone depleting substances

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Q.61 DDT residues are rapidly passed through food chain causing biomagnification because DDT is : [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) Moderately toxic
(2) Water soluble
(3) Non-toxic to aquatic animals
(4) Lipo soluble

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Q.62 Chipko movement was launched for the protection of - [AIPMT 2009]

- (1) Forests (2) Livestock
(3) Wet lands (4) Grasslands

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Q.63 A lake near a village suffered heavy mortality of fishes within a few days. Consider the following reasons for this:

- (i) Lots of urea and phosphate fertilizer were used in the crops in the vicinity
(ii) The area was sprayed with DDT by an aircraft
(iii) The lake water turned green and stinky
(iv) Phytoplankton populations in the lake declined initially thereby greatly reducing photosynthesis

Which two of the above were the main causes of fish mortality in the lake? [AIPMT 2008]

- (1) (i), (ii) (2) (iii), (iv) (3) (i), (iii) (4) (ii), (iii)

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Q.64 According to Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), which particulate size in diameter (in micrometers) of the air pollutants is responsible for greatest harm to human health? [AIPMT 2008]

- (1) 2.5 or less (2) 1.5 or less
(3) 1.0 or less (4) 5.2–2.5

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Q.65 Which one of the following is the correct percentage of the two (out of the total of 4) greenhouse gases that contribute to the total global warming? [AIPMT 2008]

- (1) CFCs 14%, Methane 20%
(2) CO_2 40%, CFCs 30%
(3) N_2O 6%, CO_2 86%
(4) Methane 20%, N_2O 18%

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Q.66 In which one of the following the BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) of sewage (S), distillery effluent (DE), paper mill effluent (PE) and sugar mill effluent (SE) have been arranged in ascending order? [AIPMT 2007]

- (1) SE < PE < S < DE (2) SE < S < PE < DE
 (3) PE < S < SE < DE (4) S < DE < PE < SE

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Q.67 In a coal fired power plant electrostatic precipitators are installed to control emission of:-

[AIPMT 2007]

- (1) SPM (2) SO₂ (3) CO (4) NO_x

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Q.68 Which one of the following is not a bioindicator of water pollution?

[AIPMT 2007]

- (1) Blood-worms (2) Stone flies
 (3) Sewage fungus (4) Sludge-worms

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Q.69 Limit of BOD prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board for the discharge of industrial and municipal waste waters into natural surface waters, is -

[AIPMT 2006]

- (1) < 30 ppm (2) < 3.0 ppm
 (3) < 100 ppm (4) < 10 ppm

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Q.70 Photochemical smog pollution does not contain-

[AIPMT 2006]

- (1) Nitrogen dioxide
 (2) PAN (peroxy acyl nitrate)
 (3) Ozone
 (4) Carbon dioxide

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Q.71 Montreal Protocol which calls for appropriate action to protect the ozone layer from human activities was passed in the year-

[AIPMT 2006]

- (1) 1988 (2) 1986 (3) 1985 (4) 1987

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Q.72 Prolonged liberal irrigation of agricultural fields is likely to create the problem of -

[AIPMT 2005]

- (1) Salinity (2) Acidity
 (3) Aridity (4) Metal toxicity

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Q.73 Which of the following is not used for disinfection of drinking water ?

[AIPMT 2005]

- (1) Chloramine (2) Ozone
 (3) Chlorine (4) Phenyle

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Q.74 Identify the correctly matched pair - [AIPMT 2005]

- (1) Basel Convention – Biodiversity Conservation
 (2) Kyoto Protocol – Climatic change
 (3) Ramsar Convention – Ground water pollution
 (4) Montreal Protocol – Global warming

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full solution



Q.75 Which one of the following pairs is mismatched ?

[AIPMT 2005]

- (1) Fossil fuel burning – release of CO₂
 (2) Nuclear power – radioactive wastes
 (3) Biomass burning – release of CO₂
 (4) Solar energy – greenhouse effect

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Q.76 In 1984, the Bhopal gas tragedy took place because methyl isocyanate :-

[AIPMT 2004]

- (1) Reacted with DDT
 (2) Reacted with water
 (3) Reacted with ammonia
 (4) Reacted with CO₂

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Q.77 Lead concentration in blood is considered alarming if it is -

[AIPMT 2004]

- (1) 4-6 µg/100 mL (2) 30 µg/100 mL
 (3) 20 µg/100 mL (4) 10 µg/100 mL

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Q.78 Common indicator organism of water pollution is :-

[AIPMT 2004]

- (1) *Escherichia coli*
 (2) *Lemna paucicostata*
 (3) *Entamoeba histolytica*
 (4) *Eichhornia crassipes*

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Q.79 Fluoride pollution mainly affects :- [AIPMT 2003]

- (1) Heart (2) Kidney (3) Brain (4) Teeth

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Q.80 *Escherichia coli* is used as an indicator organism to determine pollution of water with :- [AIPMT 2003]

- (1) Faecal matter
 (2) Pollen of aquatic plants
 (3) Heavy metals
 (4) Industrial effluents

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Q.81 Which of the following is absent in polluted water?

[AIPMT 2002]

- (1) Larva of stone fly (2) *Hydrilla*
(3) Blue-green algae (4) Water hyacinth

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Q.82 Maximum greenhouse gas is released by which country?

[AIPMT 2002]

- (1) France (2) Britain (3) India (4) U.S.A.

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Q.83 What is the intensity of sound in normal conversation?

[AIPMT 2001]

- (1) 30–60 dB (2) 10–20 dB
(3) 120–150 dB (4) 70–90 dB

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Q.84 Which is the cause of the damage expressed as relative biological effectiveness?

[AIPMT 2000]

- (1) Low temperature (2) High temperature
(3) Radiation (4) Pollution

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ANSWER KEY

Ques.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ans.	4	1	1	2	3	2	4	3	4	3	3
Ques.	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Ans.	3	1	2	2	2	4	3	3	3	3	2
Ques.	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Ans.	4	1	1	1	4	4	4	3	4	1	4
Ques.	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Ans.	1	2	2	2	4	3	2	2	1	4	1
Ques.	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Ans.	4	3	2	3	4	3	3	4	4	1	4
Ques.	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
Ans.	3	1	3	2	4	4	1	1	1	1	3
Ques.	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Ans.	1	2	1	4	4	1	4	2	4	2	2
Ques.	78	79	80	81	82	83	84				
Ans.	1	4	1	1	4	1	3				